

Ulysses Observations of Differential Streaming Between Protons and Alphas at High Latitudes

M Neugebauer; BF Goldstein; E J Smith (MS 169-506, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Calif. Inst. of Technology, Pasadena, CA 91109; ph. 818-354-2005; e-mail: mneugeb@jplsp.jpl.nasa.gov); W C Feldman (Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545;

The Ulysses SWOOPS experiment has provided measurements of the differential streaming between protons and alphas, $V_{\alpha p} = V_{\alpha} - V_p$ as a function of heliocentric distance and latitude. We report here the observations of $V_{\alpha p}$ for those periods when Ulysses sampled only the flows from the solar polar coronal holes. The data show that $V_{\alpha p}$ depends on heliocentric distance R approximately as R^{-1} and has no discernible latitude dependence for $\lambda = \pm(40 \text{ to } 80^\circ)$. The radial variation matches up nicely with that measured by Helios between 0.3 and 1.0 AU for periods when the solar wind speed was in the range 700-800 km/s. The ratio $V_{\alpha p}/V_A$, where V_A is the Alfvén speed, also decreases with distance, from 0.7 at 1.5 AU to 0.5 at 4 AU. At the same time, the ratio $V_{\alpha p}/V_{wave}$, where V_{wave} is the observed phase velocity of Alfvénic fluctuations, decreases from 1.4 at 1.5 AU to 1.0 at 4 AU. There is a correlation between $V_{\alpha p}$ and the wave intensity for fluctuations with periods of 8 min to 6 hours. All these high-latitude results are very different from those obtained during the outbound, in-ecliptic phase of the Ulysses mission.

American Geophysical Union Abstract Form

Reference # 0000
Session 0.00

1. 1995 Fall Meeting
2. 01319391
3. (a) M Neugebauer
MS 169-506
Jet Propulsion Laboratory
Pasadena, CA 91109 USA
mneugeb@jplsp.jpl.nasa.gov
(l) 818-354-2005
(c) 818-354-8895
4. SH
5. (a)
(b) 2164, ,
(c)
6. N/A
7. 0% published elsewhere
8. Charge \$50 to Marcia Neugebauer
VISA card 4678090**927 59(J,
expires 11/95
9. C
10. No special instructions
11. Regular author